THE
Caledonian Mercury.

No. 9629. EDINBURGH, SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1783.

ANTIQUARIAN SOCIETY.

Museum, 6th of May 1783.

THE Society of Antiquaries of Scotland inform the Public, That, notwithstanding a late illiberal opposition, they obtained his Majesty's Royal Charter on the 29th of March last, erecting them into a body politic and corporate. This information will remove the anxiety of the friends of the Society, and satisfy its generous donors, that the numerous and valuable donations received from them, instead of *being allowed to perish*, will be perpetually preserved, under the patronage of our most gracious Sovereign, and the protection of the laws of our country. The confidence of the Public, which had been attempted to be shaken by groundless insinuations, being now fully restored by the interposition of his Majesty, the Society cannot omit this opportunity of expressing their gratitude to the encouragers of an institution, which must contribute both to the honour of the nation, and the progress of literature.

Essays, Ancient Papers, Natural Productions, or other Literary Communications, may be transmitted to Mr James Cummyng, Secretary to the Society, at the Museum, Edinburgh; and to Mr Alexander Donaldson, the Society's bookseller in London.

Just published, price 5 s. 3 d. in boards, or 6 s. bound,

AN INQUIRY

INTO THE CAUSES OF THE

Infidelity and Scepticism of the Times:

With occasional Observations on the Writings of

Herbert, Shaftsbury, Bollingbroke, Hume, Gibbon, Toulmin, &c. &c.

BY JOHN OGILVIE, D. D.

London—Printed for Richardson and Urquhart, under the Royal Exchange; and W. Gordon, W. Creech, and J. Dickson, Edinburgh.

On Tuesday next will be published,
And sold by the Booksellers, Edinburgh,

SKETCH OF THE LIFE

OF

JOHN BARCLAY,

AUTHOR OF *ARGENIS*.

Being a Specimen of a

BIOGRAPHIA SCOTICA.

Price 8 d.

This day is published,
THE FOURTH NUMBER OF A NEW WORK,
Price One Shilling—to be continued Monthly,
ENTITLED,

THE ENGLISH REVIEW,

FOR APRIL 1783.

THIS number contains criticisms on Mason's Translation of Fresnoy's Art of Painting—Philosophical Transactions, vol. lxxii.—Bishop Watson's Letter to the late Archbishop of Canterbury—Fashionable Follies—Albert, Edward, and Laura—Black's History of Medicine—Saunders on the Red Bark—Swinburne's Travels in the Two Sicilies—Alanson on Amputation—Ferguson's Roman History—Literary Curiosities from Paris—Philosophical News—A continuation of the History of the London Theatre for 1782—A State of National Affairs for last month, and a variety of other articles.

London, printed for J. Murray, No. 32, Fleet-street; Balfour and Co. W. Gordon, and J. Dickson, at Edinburgh.

At the above Shop may be had,

THE MAN IN THE MOON; or, Travels into the Lunar Regions,

BY THE MAN OF THE PEOPLE.

Two Volumes, Five Shillings sewed.

TO THE PUBLIC.

R. HAY, Auctioneer, respectfully informs the Public, That he is to move, on Monday the 26th current, from his present Sale-Room, front of the Exchange, to that large WARE-ROOM, second flair below the Cross Well, south side of the High street, where he hopes for the continuance of their favours.

At the above Sale-Room may be had,—All sorts of Hosiery, Hardware, Jewellery, and Plated Goods; Gentlemens Vest Pieces, Florentines for vests and breeches; with many other articles too numerous to insert. Household Furniture auctioned in town and country, on moderate terms.

N. B. The Sale to open on Wednesday the 28th current.

A CHILD FOUND.

A FEMALE CHILD, seemingly a year and a half old, was exposed in Stitchen's Close on Monday the 19th current, about nine o'clock in the evening, dressed in a blue striped worsted frock, a black silk tippet, a white linen bib, a blue flannel petticoat lined with red flannel, a white flannel jacket or fecket, a pair of grey worsted stockings, and black leather shoes with pinchbeck clasps, with a white metal brotch stuck in the frock before.

As the said child is seemingly in great health, poverty could not have been the cause of exposing it. If any child agreeable to the above description has been carried off from its parents, upon applying to Richard Richardson, kirk-treasurer of this city, they will have it restored; or if the said child has been wilfully exposed, any person who can give information of the person or persons who have been guilty of exposing such a healthy child, shall be handsomely rewarded, and secrecy observed.

This Day Se'ennight, at ten o'clock forenoon,
Will positively be held, in Mary's Chapel, Nyddery's Wynd,

The Second Drawing of A. Aitchison's Lottery,

Of Silver Plate, Jewellery, and Hardware.

THE Chapel doors will be open at half past nine, when the whole apparatus of the numbers, blanks, and prizes, will be exposed to the view of the company, previous to their being put into the wheels. Adventurers who intend to be present will please bring their tickets, or shares, along with them, to show the doorkeeper, and prevent the Chapel from being crowded, by people who have no concern in the Lottery.

The Public may credit A. Aitchison, when he assures them, that nothing could induce him to repeat an advertisement respecting a business already so generally known, but the earnest desire he has, that not a single ticket should remain in his own hands, but that adventurers in this, as on former occasions, may have the WHOLE of the PRIZES amongst them; the only advantage he reaps, or wishes to reap, from the transaction, arising from the sale of his goods, and the use of the ready money.

Tickets five Shillings; and Shares One Shilling, Fifteen Pence, and Half a Crown each, continue selling at his Shop, south side of Parliament Square, where schemes, containing a particular account of the method of drawing, may be had gratis.

AT LONDON FOR LEITH,

THE LEITH PACKET,

JOHN THOMSON Master,

IS taking in goods at Hawley's Wharf, for Edinburgh, and places adjacent, and will sail the 7th of June, wind and weather serving.

This Ship has good accommodation for passengers. The master to be spoke with on the Exchange at Change-hours, or in the New England Coffee-house, mornings and evenings on board; or Hawley and Down for the master.

BRITISH MUSLINS, &c.

WILLIAM ALLAN,

HABERDASHER & LINEN-DRAPER, PARLIAMENT-SQUARE,

MOST respectfully begs leave to inform the LADIES, That he is just returned from England, where, with the utmost care, he has selected a new and most elegant Assortment of HABERDASHERY ARTICLES; and in particular, a variety of BRITISH MUSLINS, equal, if not superior to those he lately advertised, and which gave so much satisfaction to the Public; a few of which are the following, VIZ.

A great variety of Check'd Muslins.
Muslin Cravats.
Jaconet and Book Muslin Handkerchiefs.
Plain and Strip'd Muslins.
Cossac Muslin Handkerchiefs.
Curious choice of Muslinets.
All kinds of black, purple, and Chintz Borders.
Corded and figured Dimitties.
Mock Quiltings and India Tweels.
Bombazeens and Norwich Crapes.
Girls' coloured Straw Caps.
Coloured Durants and Mancoes.
Neat assortment of Thread Laces and Edgings.
Printed Muslin Shawls.
Black and coloured Silk Handkerchiefs.
New Queen's Stuffs for Gowns and Habits.
Great choice of Printed Callicoes.
Variety of Chintz, Patches, and Printed Muslins.
Manchester Quiltings, with and without borders.
Cotton Counterpanes, all sizes.
Elegant Marseilled ditto
White Bath Callicoes
Black Alamodes, all breadths.
Great choice of Scots and Irish Linens.
Pilong Sattins, all colours.
Quilted Sattin, Persian, and Durant Petticoats.
Long Lawns and Cambricks.
White Chip and coloured Straw Hats.
Black Silk Laces and Edgings.
Silverets and Shoe Mancoes.
Pocket Handkerchiefs, all prices.

N. B. Have also just got to hand, a few pieces very elegant Indian Painted Gauzes.

THERE is now OPEN FOR SALE, at JOHN NEALL and SON'S Warehouse, Lower end of the City Guard,

A Quantity of PRINTED COTTONS, MUSLINS, GAUZES, RIBBONS, LACES, and LUTESTRINGS,

which will be sold much below the usual prices, for ready money only.

At the RUSSIA WARE-ROOM, Royal Exchange, Edinburgh,

PETER and FRANCIS FORRESTER have for sale OLD RUSSIA SOAP, of an exceeding good quality.
RUSSIA DIAPERS, broad and narrow.
—— Blue and White printed Cloth for bed-hangings, a great variety.
—— Ditto, for bed covers, fame patterns and quality.
—— Kitchen Towelling, different kinds.
—— Figured Cloth for children's clothes, &c.
—— Dyed Tweels for servants frocks.
FINE NEW HONEY, at 4s. 6d. per pint.

N. B. They will very soon have from the bleachfield a good assortment of RUSSIAN SHEETINGS, of different prices and qualities, and TABLE NAPERY.

THERE is to be exposed to SALE, by way of public roup, within the Customhouse of Campbelton, for ready money, upon the 5th day of June 1783,

A Parcel of IRISH SALT, the quantity about

twelve tons, now lying at Buninjuth, near Bromore, in Islay, where the salt shall be weighed over, and delivered to the purchasers, after which time it is to be on his risk.

The conditions of sale to be seen at the said Customhouse.

For the CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

IN IMITATION OF FERGUSSON.

I.

WHAN Kings an' Parliaments were gane,
An' Scotia's doom decidet,
Whan Lords an Union cobbled, syne
'T was cannily providet,
That, for a seafguard till our fauls,
An' quiet o' the nation,
True *Presbytry*, an' nae gate else,
Should lead folk to salvation
An' heav'n that day.

II.

An' that her haly sons be ca'd,
But ony proclamation,
Ilk year to *Ea'bro'* town, to had
A solemn convocation,
About the time o' Whitsuntide,
Whan folk are fyking fitting;
(For bugs, an' sic bluidsucking tribe,
I trow there's little sitting,
Or peace that day.)

III.

An', by my saul! they dinna miss
To haul the bargain sicker;
Ilk May to the metropolis
In swarms the blackcoats bicker:
Frae ilka airt sic menzies stend
O' *ministers* an' *laymen*,
Frae Gretna to our Nor' Land's-end,
Enough to breed a famine,
An' dearth that day.

IV.

A famine! I wat that's nae lie;
For ony bit that nice is
Nae plain town's folk 'maun sey to prie,
Till they gie twa-three prices;
For haddock, herring, salmon, skate,
An' geese, an' lamb, an' mutton,
Are now foresta'd to stegh the kyte
O' ilka godly glutton
Fu' strait that day.

V.

But, Pity! here the Muse restrain
Frae sic unseemly tantring;
Tell her, the Bishop fat, an' Dean,
To *Presbyt'ry* are wanting.
Her sons, alas! are guide'd fu' fair
Wi' humble glebe an' stipen';
An' whan to town they jaunt sae rare,
It's carnival they're keepin',
Poor fauls! that day.

VI.

Now, whan at *Paxton's*, they maun hight
To hae the beard weel scrapit,
The gizz and cravat modit right,
An' wi' their best black happit;
Syne to the Cross wi' a' their might,
To greet their rev'rend brethren,
Wi' slav'ring kisses, fu'some sight!
There is nae little lath'ring
O' chafts that day.

VII.

See now the earls a' convein't,
His Grace on throne is mounted,
In pray'r and preface half is spent
O' the short space appointed:
Gin *Ro. D—d-s* made nae mair haste
Wi' case or presentation,
Poor clients might their pleaings fist
Till the neist generation,
To sue some day.

VIII.

O, *R——s!* thou Prince o' lear'!
(Tho' for't you've a guid fee got)
I wat you knidder'd gay and fair
Ilk canting, cappit bigot:
When thy flee pow did rule the roast,
Sae canny an' sae cunning,
Thy pauky wiles nae motion lost,
'Tween tyning aft an' winning
Wi' noise that day.

IX.

But, by my fegs! it is right droll
To hear them keen debating:
Up lowps a college-browden'd soul,
An' kittle points 'gins stating;
Till he's 'mang metaphysics got,
In labyrinth sae stuck fast,
That, wow! ere he unra'el the knot,
His *Grace* might wait till breakfast
For him that day.

X.

Neist, some grim chiel, wi' gizz sae brown,
Wha likes to hear's sell saying,
(Be it a license, or a loun
For wi' his ain tail playing,)
Flees flaught bred to the argument;
A third dirks in to wrangle,
An' frae the question far ascient,
Baith sense an' grammar mangle,
O sic! that day.

XI.

Till up the *Moderator* gets,
Wha half-bumbaz'd's been sitting,
To gather in the scatter'd aits,
Like farmer folks whan slitting:
Shaws right frae wrang, auld journals quotes,
And moves whan—" There's a tester"——
A Norland bawls——" I'm for nae votes,
" But 'gainst the hale *protest*, Sir,"——
Fu' loud that day.

XII.

The *gawcy Clark*, wha's eident lug
For sic a fough's ay yukie,
Pouches the *instrument* fu' snug,
And marks it in his bukie.
And now, syn 'twas aboon decreed
That day to nights shou'd turn,
Sae it was movit, an' agreed,
Nem. con. the case t' adjourn
For guid that day.

XIII.

Nor pray'rs nor psalms are unco lang,
For wha but kens their stamacks,
Sae fair bedung wi' hunger's fang,
Are now as sharp as an ax.
O caidgie ye! wha wi' his Grace
Your *rota* tak o' dining;
For *Fortune's* cooks, wi' crieshy face,
Hae for your sides a lining
Fu' fat that day.

XIV.

But, O 'ware a' uncanny wines,
To ca' ye aff your shankies,
An' a' het spicery, that inclines
Louns to luve's luring prankies:
For ken ye no, that M—— J——,
Wha minister'd sae tender
To luvers' wants, now taks her nap
Whare your pray'rs didna send her,
Oh! how! that day!

XV.

But weel wat I, thof she be gane,
We're at nae meikle tinsel;
For we can weel spare nine o' ten,
Wha bargains guid o' sin sell:
An' thof our eident Provost * is
Right keenly set about it,
Yet he'll find nae slack wark it is
To howk the limmers out o't,
An' clean that day.

XVI.

O' business an' o' bouzing fair'd,
Now ilk ane counts his pursie,
An' case he wi' hoft's debt be lair'd,
E'en hies him till his horsie:
O, flee this Scottish Sodom, whare
They fear nor man nor God in,
Lest, wi' smash'd banes, an' pouches bare,
Ye gang nae gayly boden
Frae town some day.

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* The present Lord Provost is very anxious for the suppression of disorderly houses.

EXCHANGES, LONDON WITH HOLLAND.

Amsterdam, 34 8 2½ U.	Agio of the Bank } from Holland, }	4½	
Ditto Sight, 34 3.			
Rotterdam, 34 10 2½ U.			

PRICE OF STOCKS, MAY 20.

Bank Stock, 131½.	Ditto 1751, —
4 per cent. Ann. 1777, 84¾ a 85½ a ¾.	India Stock, —
	3 per cent. Ann. —
3 per cent. con. 66½ a ¾.	India Bonds, 4 a 5 dise.
3 per cent. red. 65½ a ½ a ¾.	Exch. Bills, 4 a 3 a 2 dise.
3 per cent. 1726, —	Navy Bills, 10½ dise.
Long Ann. 20⅞ a ½ a 3-16ths.	3 per cent. Scrip. 68½ a 68.
Short Ann. 1778, 14 1-16th a ½.	4 per cent. Scrip. 86½ a ¾.
South Sea Stock, —	Light Long. Ann. —
3 per cent. Old Ann. —	Omnium, 5½ a ¼ a ½ prem.
Ditto New Ann. —	Lot. Tick. 14 l. 16 s.

WIND AT DEAL,
May 19. N. N. E.

From the LONDON GAZETTE, *May* 20.

St James's, May 20.

THE King has been pleaſed to appoint Robert Liſton, Eſq; to be his Majeſty's Miniſter Plenipotentiary to the Catholic King, until the Lord Viſcount Mountſtuart, his Majeſty's Ambaſſador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, ſhall arrive at Madrid.

Whitehall, May 20.

The King has been pleaſed to grant to the Earl of Sandwich, the offices of Ranger and Keeper of St James's Park, and of Hyde Park;

Alſo to appoint the Earl of Jerſey to be Captain of his Majeſty's Band of Penſioners;

The Lord Viſcount Hinchinbroke to be Maſter of his Majeſty's Buck Hounds;

And James Heſeltine, Eſq; to be his Majeſty's Procurator.

[*Military Promotions in our next.*]

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, *May* 20.

The Thomas and Jenny, Nankivel, from Falmouth, to Gibraltar, foundered. The crew ſaved.

The Memiſſes and Boreas men of war, with their convoy, which ſailed from Cork the 17th of February, are arrived at Barbadoes.

The Serand, ——, of Clyde, from Newfoundland, to the Weſt Indies, is put into Fyal with damage, but was repaired, and expected to ſail ſoon after the 6th of February.

The Carliſle, Carliſle, from Liverpool, to Carliſle, is loſt on a bank near Whitehaven. The captain and two men ſaved.

A ſloop belonging to Whithorn, bound to Liverpool, with oats and barley, went on ſhore near St Bee's Head. Great part of the cargo ſaved.

The Othello, Johnſon, from Liverpool, to Africa and America, was taken by the crew, but retaken by the ſecond mate and doctor. The captain is ſhot.

The Benſoon, Woods, from Liverpool and Madeira, had paſſed Barbadoes, for Jamaica.

The Vyſden, Brien, from Cork, for Dominica, is arrived at Barbadoes. She has ſprung her foremaſt.

The Caton man of war is arrived at Antigua.

HOUSE OF COMMONS, *Monday, May* 19.

ORDERED ſeveral bills to be engroſſed.

INDIA BUSINESS.

GENERAL *Smith* made a motion relative to the reſolutions of the Select Committee, and preſented ſome of the reſolutions to the Houſe. A ſhort converſation took place concerning the propriety of producing thoſe reſolutions, and about the time of taking them into conſideration, when it was agreed that they ſhould be conſidered on Wedneſday. A motion was then made, that the bill of parcels of Mr Strahan in Auguſt 1771, ſhould be laid before the Houſe, as that Gentleman's evidence would be of material conſequence. This motion was likewiſe agreed to. The ſpeakers on this occaſion, were General Smith, Governor Johnſtone, Mr John Luttrell, the Honourable Keith Steuart, Sir Adam Ferguſon, Lord Maitland, &c. &c.

TAXES.

Lord *John Cavendiſh* gave notice, that he could not open the taxes on Wedneſday next, as he expected; but that on Monday he hoped to be able to do it.

Lord *Mahon* alſo gave notice, that as ſoon as the noble Lord ſhould have opened his taxes, and moved his reſolutions on them, he ſhould move that the chairman leave the chair, report progreſs, and aſk leave to ſit again; for which, he aſſured the Houſe, he ſhould aſſign ſuch ſubſtantial reaſons, as he believed no one would oppoſe.

Meſſ. POWELL AND BAMBRIDGE.

Lord *Newhaven* then moved, that the order for producing the minute from the Treaſury, relative to the examination of Meſſ. Powell and Bambridge, be diſcharged.

Lord *John Cavendiſh* ſeconded the motion.

Mr *Powys* wiſhed to know for what purpoſe the noble Lord had originally moved the production of the minute he was now ſo ready to have diſcharged.

Lord *Newhaven* replied, that the object he had in view, when he moved it, was to ſee if there were any grounds on which the Houſe might be juſtified in interfering in the buſineſs.

Sir *Cecil Wray* ſaid, that when he ſeconded the noble Lord's motion, for the production of the Treaſury minute, it was not merely to try if there were any grounds for the Houſe to interfere; but alſo to bring under conſideration the reſtoration of the two gentlemen alluded to, after a diſmiſſion, which had taken place in conſequence of an examination, which afforded ſuch ſtrong appearance of guilt; as induced the late Attorney and Solicitor General to think that a criminal proſecution ought to be inſtituted againſt them; and he was much ſurpriſed to find that the preſent Paymaſter-General ſhould reſtore perſons ſuſpected of ſo great a crime as that of embezzling the public money.

Mr *Martin* ſaid it was impoſſible both the late and preſent Paymaſter could have been in the right; one of them, therefore, muſt have been wrong, and he would leave the Houſe to determine which.

Sir *P. J. Clerk* thought it inconſiſtent with the principles of juſtice, that any proceeding ſhould take place in the Houſe which might prejudice the mind of a jury, to whom the trial of the two gentlemen was to be remitted; therefore, he ſhould not conſent to the production of the minute; but as he was willing to keep the matter open for diſcuſſion on a future day, when the parties could not be prejudiced by it in the courts below, he moved the previous queſtion; but was informed, that on a motion for diſcharging an order, the Houſe did not admit of a previous queſtion.

The *Solicitor-General* ſaid, the proſecution was not yet commenced, but that every preparation was making for it.

Mr *W. Pitt* wiſhed to be informed by the learned gentleman, of what nature the proſecution was to be.

The *Solicitor-General* ſaid, he did not know whether it was proper to ſtate the nature of it; however, he would go ſo far as to ſay, that it was to be a criminal one.

Capt. *Keith Stewart* thought the minute ought to be produced, as no ſatisfactory reaſon againſt it had been aſſigned.

Mr *Burke* apologiſed for the warmth he felt, when this buſineſs was laſt before the Houſe.—With reſpect to his conduct on the ſubject, he felt ſuch a ſunſhine of content in his mind, that, were the act undone, he was convinced he ſhould do it over again: It ever was, and ever ſhould be a maxim with him, to compaſſionate the unfortunate; and if they happened to be connected with him, to protect them, as long as he found them nothing worſe than unfortunate. He diſclaimed every idea of having acted in concert with any of his Majeſty's Miniſters, or of having ſo much as aſked their advice; and declared, that it was even contrary to the prayers and entreaties of the very parties concerned, that he kept them in office. He then read his own original letter to Mr Powell, by which he ſignified to him his reſtoration to office; alſo a letter from Mr Powell, in which that gentleman entreated him to ſacrifice him to public clamour, rather than bring it on his own head. Mr Burke then ſhewed, from the act which himſelf had brought in for regulating the Pay-Office, that as there could be no balance either in his own hands or thoſe of his clerks, the public ran no riſk of being injured by the reſtoration of thoſe gentlemen. As for his own conduct in this affair, he cared not how deeply it was probed; but, in juſtice to them, he wiſhed that no enquiry might be inſtituted, till after their trial ſhould be over, when he would meet it with ſatisfaction, being convinced that no one but himſelf, could ſuffer in conſequence of the enquiry; and he was ſo thoroughly at reſt on that head, that his mind was never more at eaſe.

The *Marquis of Graham* ſaid, he did not view the point in debate in the light of a party queſtion; he had no wiſh to prejudice any man before trial; but he thought it right that no evidence ſhould be with-held from the Houſe, which might be neceſſary to public juſtice; therefore he ſhould oppoſe the motion.

Mr *W. Pitt* alſo declared himſelf againſt the motion, as thinking the Treaſury minute neceſſary to vindicate the character of thoſe by whoſe advice the gentlemen lately reſtored had been diſmiſſed from their office. He afterwards placed the queſtion in various points of view; and among other things ſtated the danger to which the public would be expoſed, by having again in office perſons who had been diſmiſſed under very ſtrong ſuſpicions of having demeaned themſelves improperly in places of great truſt. But this, he ſaid, was not all; for having been reſtored to their offices, they had now in their cuſtody the very books from which the evidence of their guilt perhaps was to be deduced.

Mr *Fox* replied, that the right honourable member, who ſpoke laſt, would not probably admit that the diſmiſſion of perſons from office was a proof, on every occaſion, of guilt; the argument might be carried a little too *home*; therefore he was ſure he would not agree to it. He proved that it was impoſſible to bring the Treaſury minute into the Houſe, without inſtituting ſome proceeding upon it; and if that was once done, it was impoſſible to avoid trying Mr Powell and Mr Bambridge; if gentlemen wiſhed ſuch an event to take place in that Houſe, they ought to ſpeak out; but if they were unwilling to avow it, why ſhould they perſevere in the attempt to bring forward the minute. If his right honourable friend had acted only according to the dictates of prudence or policy, he would not have brought this attack upon him; but he acted upon principles of juſtice, a virtue at leaſt as laudable as the cold virtue of prudence.

The *Lord Advocate* very ſtrongly oppoſed the motion. He ſaid that Right Hon. Gentleman (Mr Secretary Fox) had made, perhaps, one of the beſt ſpeeches that ever was delivered in Parliament, and although he always admired the accurateneſs and preciſion of the Right Hon. Gentleman, he muſt ſay, that he never on any ſuch occaſion, had greater reaſon to admire the exertion of his uncommon abilities than at preſent; but, notwithſtanding his wonderful abilities, he thought that he had advanced nothing that could convince him that thoſe papers ſhould not be produced. It was the clear opinion of two Attorney-Generals, and two Solicitor-Generals, that a proſecution ſhould be commenced and carried on againſt thoſe two Gentlemen for their miſconduct, and therefore the late Paymaſter-General was not wrong in diſmiſſing them. It was the undoubted privilege of the Houſe to call for what papers they pleaſed, and as this was an affair of public notoriety, why ſhould thoſe papers be withheld from the Houſe and the public? It was their right as ſervants of the public to call for them, and whatever other evidence they thought proper, and he hoped that a Britiſh Parliament would not let their notions of juſtice be overcome by ſpeeches addreſſed to the paſſions and humanity of men.

General *Conway* argued for the motion, ſaying, there could be no danger to the public from the reſtoration of the two gentlemen to the office. The public money paſſed from the Exchequer to the Bank, and from the Bank to the army agents, ſo that in fact it never reached the hands of the caſhier; and as to the accounts which were made up by the Accountant-General, they were thoſe of former Paymaſters, who might employ them or not at their option.

Mr *Burke* informed the Houſe, that the books had hitherto been conſidered as private property, and carried away from the office; ſo that the books of the Pay Office, when Lord Chatham filled it, were now in the cuſtody of his executors; and the books now in the poſſeſſion of Mr Powell, from which ſo much danger was apprehended, would have been equally in his cuſtody, if he had been diſmiſſed from his office ten years ago; but he, Mr Burke, had eſtabliſhed a different regulation, the books being now to remain in the Pay Office.

Lord North, Lord John Cavendiſh, Mr Mansfield, Mr Sheridan, and Mr Solicitor General ſpoke for the motion; and Mr Kenyon, Mr T. Pitt, Mr Arden, Mr Samuel Smith, and Mr Hill againſt it. At half paſt ten, the Houſe divided, there appeared,

For diſcharging the order,	161
Againſt it.	137
Majority—	24

From the London Papers, May 20.

Advices from Naples of the 8th of April, mention that an earthquake had been felt there on the 28th of March, which had taken its origin in Calabria, or at Meſſina, which has occaſioned freſh calamities, as will appear by the following letters:

Meſſina, March 30. The gallies ſent here by the Grand Maſter of Malta have again ſet ſail, after having brought us a ſupply of proviſions, money, and medicines, which were diſtributed to thoſe who ſtood in need of them; they have alſo furniſhed the hoſpital with 20 beds, and a large ſum of money. The Phyſicians and ſurgeons give the moſt diligent and humane attendance.—Five days have now elapſed ſince we have felt any earthquakes.

P. S. I am at this inſtant about to fly from my barrack, a very violent ſhock obliges me to quit my pen.

March 29. Yeſterday evening about ſeven o'clock, we felt ſo violent a ſhock, and which continued ſo long a time, that we expected the ground would ſink beneath our feet; the earth opened in ſeveral places; and we were ſo much alarmed as to quit our barracks, which were built in the open fields, and fled here and there without knowing whither. The conculſions were ſo great that we could not keep our feet; many lay on the ground during ſhocks, others caught hold of trees. This laſt earthquake has demoliſhed all that was left of Meſſina.

According to farther advices, the moſt violent ſhock laſted above two minutes; they counted thirty of them before day-break. This laſt earthquake has done great damage in the Hither Calabria, and round Cozena, which is almoſt totally deſtroyed, burying numbers in its ruins. Contozero has met the ſame fate, but as moſt of the inhabitants had taken the precauſion to quit it immediately, no more than thirty periſhed. Maida, Cirifalco, Cutra, Potri, &c. are the places which have ſuffered moſt.

A great number of engineers and workmen have been ſent by the King of Naples, and his Majeſty has already diſburſed above 400,000 ducats for the purpoſe of repairing the city; but it is ſaid that the ſurveyors are of opinion, that the ſoil is no longer in a ſtate to admit of the conſtruction of new houſes, on account of the large cracks which are made in the earth, through many of which the ſea water iſſues; they do not, therefore, think it poſſible to lay any foundations that would be at all ſafe.

Hague, May 15. We expect every moment the agreeable news of the ſigning of the preliminaries between Great Britain and the Republic; many circumſtances confirm this expectation.

Utrecht, May 15. War between the two Imperial powers and the Porte ſeems inevitable; we are aſſured, however, that the Courts of Verſailles and London are endeavouring to prevent its breaking out.

Hague, May 15. M. Van Berkel, Burgomaſter of Rotterdam, who is appointed Miniſter from their High Mightineſſes to the United States at Philadelphia, had yeſterday a conference with the Preſident of the States-General.

M. de Brantzen, Miniſter Plenipotentiary at the Court of Verſailles, is appointed Ambaſſador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at that Court, with a ſtipend of 60,000 florins a year.

Their High Mightineſſes have conferred the ſame titles on Count Rechteren, their Miniſter at the Court of Madrid.

LONDON.

Yeſterday morning an expreſs arrived from Falmouth, with advice of the Carteret packet being arrived from the Leeward Iſlands. She ſailed from Antigua the 20th of April, and brings advice of the arrival of the trade from Cork at Barbadoes on the 24th of March, under convoy of the Nemeſis and Boreas frigates, and that the ſhips bound to Jamaica ſailed from Barbadoes the 4th of April. By this packet we are happy to learn that the Caton of 64 guns, Captain Fiſher, is arrived at Antigua. This ſhip ſailed from Jamaica, in company of the Ville de Paris, and put into Halifax in great diſtreſs; ſhe then repaired her damages, and proceeded again to ſea, taking on board Sir Andrew Snape Hammond and his family; but meeting with a ſeries of bad weather, ſhe was obliged to bear away for the Weſt-Indies. The Carteret packet ſailed from Falmouth the 24th of February, and parted with the Queen Charlotte packet, for Jamaica, the beginning of April, to the windward of Barbadoes. The letters by this conveyance were delivered yeſterday; they make mention of the following ſhips being arrived in the different iſlands, which left Portſmouth about the 12th of March, and carried paſſports, viz.

Blizard, Merrifield,	Harmony, Caſely,
Three Brothers, Brunan,	Barbadoes Planter, Coare,
Philip Harbin, Lee,	Union, Clarke,
Patty and Charlotte, Gilbert,	Antigua Planter, Simm,
	William and Elizabeth, Young,
Anventure, Thompſon,	Hope, Kid,
William, Henderſon,	Nancy, Edwards,
Woodly, M'Namara,	Fanny, Spence.

The Duke of Chandos, Captain Miller, from Jamaica, that put into Antigua, was near reloaded when the packet failed, and propoſed putting to ſea the beginning of May.

On Saturday night Admiral Drake arrived at St Helen's from the Weſt-Indies, with the Duke, Bellona, Royal Oak, Agamemnon, Nymph, and a fireſhip. Theſe ſhips will now be paid off with the utmoſt diſpatch.

A detachment of the Weſt-India fleet, conſiſting of ſeven ſail of the line, as undernamed, with a frigate and fireſhip, having been ordered to proceed to England in conſequence of the peace, failed from St Lucia on the 12th of April, under the command of Admiral Drake; and after a favourable paſſage of 35 days, arrived ſafe except the Yarmouth, which parted company with the reſt of the ſquadron in hazy weather, on the 1ſt of this month. Admiral Pigot was left at St Lucia with the remainder of the fleet, in charming good order, and very healthy. Preparations were making, previous to Admiral Drake's ſailing, for a diviſion of the fleet, with all the tranſports that could be provided, to proceed to New-York, to receive the King's troops and ſtores intended for England. The following are the ſhips of Admiral Drake's diviſion, which are come home, viz.

Duke,	Adm. Drake, Capt. Gardiner,	}	*Arrived at* Portſmouth.
Namur,	Fanſhawe,		Plymouth.
Suffolk,	Sir G. Home,		Ditto.
Royal Oak,	Buckner,		Portſmouth.
Bellona,	Onſlow,		Ditto.
Agamemnon,	Caldwell,		Ditto.
Nymph,	Knatchbull,		Ditto.
Pluto, (fire-ſhip)	Butler,		Ditto.
Yarmouth,	Herbert not come into port.		

By letters from Amſterdam we learn, that the French ſhip La Subtile, for Bourdeaux, had arrived at the Cape of Good Hope the 15th of January, and brought advice that M. de Buſſy, with three ſail of the line and thirty-three tranſports, and a Dutch Eaſt Indiaman, having on board a great body of troops, was to ſail on the 26th of December laſt from Mauritius for the Eaſt Indies. When theſe ſhips join Monſ. de Suffrein, they will find the coaſt of Coromandel entirely deſerted by the Engliſh; ſo that if Madras is not protected by the elements, it can ſcarcely avoid falling into the hands of the enemy; and Lord Macartney will have the mortification of being a ſecond time a priſoner to France in the ſame war.

Letters from Madrid adviſe, that it has lately been reſolved in Council, that, the more effectually to ſuppreſs all illicit commerce with their South American provinces, an additional number of guard-ſhips ſhall be employed, and the commanders and officers of them frequently changed, that the ſubjects of foreign powers may not ſo eaſily eſtabliſh a private correſpondence with them for contraband traffic.

The French Cabinet, in order to induce the Americans to give a preference to the French market for the ſale of their merchandiſe, have it in contemplation to open two free ports in favour of the United States: Theſe two ports, it is ſaid, are to be Port Louis and L'Orient, both in Brittany; but the

which this privilege is to be ſtipulated, is only barely
ced.
thentic letters from Philadelphia, a very ſerious diſ-
taken place betwixt the American army and Congreſs;
has long been in want of pay, &c.
e 15th of March, the officers met at New Windſor,
w up a long memorial to Congreſs, which was ſigned
eral Gates, Preſident of the meeting, ſtating the follow-
vances, and demanding redreſs:
ſent pay.
ſettlement of account of the arrearages of pay, and ſe-
or what is due.
commutation of the half-pay allowed by different re-
s of Congreſs for an equivalent in groſs.
ſettlement of the account of deficiencies of clothing
perſations.
r-General M'Dougal, and two other Field Officers,
d the memorial to Congreſs, who ſhifted the buſineſs,
given no deciſive anſwer, when the laſt accounts came
If Congreſs perſiſted in refuſing to give redreſs, it was
oad but the army would annihilate Congreſs, and take
ernment into their own hands.
rica ſeems now to be brought back to firſt principles,
e little better, in point of government, than a ſtate of
She has her conſtitution at this moment to form, for
er yet been determined what is the extent of the
Congreſs, or whether it can be conſidered in any o-
than as a Committee of the States, which not being
d of principals, cannot bind the States that named
One thing only do all the Thirteen States agree in,
that each is ſovereign and independent. The Re-
Holland is compoſed alſo of various independent
nt then the Stadtholder is the head that keeps them
. The American government is a monſter without

vate letters, to ſeveral gentlemen of conſequence in
brought yeſterday by the Dutch mail from Holland,
on was received, that the preliminary articles of peace
the United States and this country, had been actually
the Hague on Saturday laſt. No official intimation
ent has been yet communicated to the Lord Mayor or
; but the influence of the accounts received was felt
cks, which, notwithſtanding the depreſſion produced
ſal of the Bank Directors to advance the ſecond
upon the ſubſcription receipts, roſe three fourths *per*
in a ſhort time after the arrival of the mail. It is
Dutch agree to cede Negapatam to this country, and
ow us privileges in our intercourſe with their ſpice
which we did not previouſly poſſeſs, whilſt we, on our
quiſh all pretenſions to Trincomale, which has been
ſted upon in the courſe of the negociation. *Eng.*

id that no leſs than nineteen Receivers General of the
are poſtponed from being appointed by the preſent
f the Treaſury, on account of the large balances in
s, no leſs a ſum than half a million being now in their
, whilſt the public are diſtreſſed and paying ſuch heavy
This one action of the Duke of Portland redounds
his credit, than all Lord Sh——e's paltry minutiæ,
al as well as trifling reductions. If reformation is really
what plan can be better adapted than beginning with
reports of the Commiſſioners of public accounts; re-
ich, whilſt they are deſervedly extolled by all ranks of
o the ſcandal and diſgrace of the late Adminiſtration,
their boaſted promiſes, were ſuffered to lie by wholly
d. *Ibid.*

Thurſday noon, betwixt one and two o'clock, a meſſage
Bank was formally delivered at the Stock Exchange,
g that the Bank Directors had that day, reſolved not
any money upon the new ſubſcription, as they had
done during Lord North's adminiſtration, after the
firſt payment, had been made by the reſpective ſub-

Erſkine and Mr Pigot, are appointed his Majeſty's
the firſt mentioned gentleman's patent paſſed the great
Friday evening laſt.
Emperor is ſmoothing all the difficulties that might ren-
ardous to carry on the war in concert with Ruſſia a-
the Porte. A co-operation with the Ruſſians in the
ago will be neceſſary; the former furniſh ſhips of
which the Emperor has none; but he is to embark a
dy of troops at Trieſte, to act in concert with the Ruſ-
in attacking the iſlands of the Archipelago, or the
ſelf: To this end it was neceſſary that his Majeſty
e on good terms with the Emperor of Morocco, whoſe
ight take or deſtroy his tranſports; a negociation was
opened between the two Emperors; his Mooriſh Ma-
an Ambaſſador to Vienna; and on the 24th of A-
a treaty of peace, amity, and commerce was conclu-
ſigned by the above Ambaſſador on the part of his
e Emperor of Morocco; and by Prince Caunitz on
f the Emperor of Germany. The latter ordered,
ago, preſents to be got ready for the former; they
ſince prepared, and expoſed to public view in Vien-
conſiſt of two ſuperb ſervices, the one of china, the
late, a magnificent clock, and harneſſes for eight hor-
ly ornamented with gold.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, May 20.

HOUSE OF LORDS.

his day, counſel were called to the bar of the Houſe,
eard on the appeal, wherein Laurence Dundas and
were appellants, and Sir Thomas Dundas reſpon-
nen, after hearing counſel for the appellant, and reſpon-
e reply from Mr Erſkine was put off till to-morrow.—
citor-General Campbell, who appeared as counſel for
omas, was near two hours on his legs, and made one
eſt ſpeeches that has, for a conſiderable time, been heard
ar of the Houſe of Lords. Mr Campbell, in a very
us and elaborate manner, reaſoned upon the principles
directed the determination of the Court of Seſſion in fa-
the reſpondent. Theſe principles, he ſaid, were ſtrict-
nant with the laws of Scotland, which, he truſted, the
ſion of the Houſe would authenticate. He contended,
Laurence Dundas had ſet aſide the deed of tailzie,
er reduction, by every ſubſequent circumſtance of his
ell as by his laſt will, whereby he bequeathed every
ſhould die poſſeſſed of, to his ſon Thomas, now Sir
Dundas, revoking all former ſettlements made of his
wherever ſituated.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

"Mr *Lloyd* gave notice, that he would, on Thurſday next, move the Houſe, that the Governor and Company of the Bank of England ſhould be directed to lay a ſtate of their affairs on the table.

"The *Speaker* ſaid, that Thurſday was generally employed by Sir Thomas Rumbold's buſineſs, and that the honourable gentleman muſt content himſelf with a later day. Mr Lloyd then ſaid, he would move on Friday.

"Mr *Pitt* moved for the diſcharge of the order reſpecting the defaulters, upon the laſt call of the Houſe, which paſſed without a diviſion.

"Mr *Dempſter* brought up the report from the Committee on the Saltaſh election, which declared Sir Grey Cooper to have been duly elected.

"Gen. *Smith* has given notice, that he means to bring forward his reſolutions from the Eaſt India Select Committee to-morrow, when a very full attendance of members is expected.

"Samuel Johnſon, Eſq; Chairman of the Committee of Secrecy on Eaſt India affairs, and Peter Michell, Eſq; Secretary to the Eaſt India Company, were, upon motion, ordered to attend the Houſe of Commons to-morrow.

"Mr Morton, from the Eaſt India Houſe, preſented, purſuant to order, a copy of the bill of parcels delivered by Mr Strahan to the Eaſt India Company in 1781: The ſame was ordered to lie on the table.

"The Houſe afterwards called counſel to the bar on Sir Thomas Rumbold's bill, and, having made a further progreſs, adjourned."

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Thurſday, the Right Hon. David Earl of Leven, his Majeſty's High Commiſſioner to the General Aſſembly of the Church of Scotland, accompanied by a number of noblemen and gentlemen of diſtinction, walked in proceſſion from his lodgings, oppoſite the City-guard, to the High Church, where he was received by the Magiſtrates in their robes; the city-guard, and ſome companies of the 21ſt regiment, lining the ſtreets. After hearing an excellent ſermon by the Rev. Dr M'Cormick, Principal of the Univerſity of St Andrew's, Moderator to the laſt General Aſſembly, his Grace repaired to the aile, where, having taken his ſeat, the Aſſembly proceeded to the election of a Moderator, when the Rev. Dr Grieve, of Dalkeith, was unanimouſly choſen. His Grace having preſented his Majeſty's commiſſion, appointing him to repreſent his perſon in the Aſſembly, alſo his Majeſty's letter and warrant for the Royal bounty of 1000l. the ſame were read, and ordered to be recorded. His Grace then delivered an elegant ſpeech to the Aſſembly from the throne, to which a ſuitable return having been made by the Moderator, a Committee was appointed to draw up an anſwer to his Majeſty's moſt gracious letter. The ſame Committee were alſo appointed to draw up a dutiful and loyal addreſs to his Majeſty, expreſſing the grateful ſenſe the Aſſembly entertain of his Majeſty's paternal regard for the welfare of his people, in putting an end to the calamities of war, and reſtoring the ineſtimable bleſſings of peace.

The Aſſembly ſpent the moſt part of yeſterday in prayer, and then appointed the Rev. Mr John Thomſon, at Sanquhar, to lecture and preach before his Grace the Commiſſioner to-morrow forenoon, and the Rev. Mr John Webſter, at Inverurity, in the afternoon. The Rev. Mr John Henderſon, at Queensferry, Sunday ſe'ennight, in the forenoon, and the Rev. Mr Peter Barclay, at Kettle, in the afternoon.

This day, the Committee, whom the General Aſſembly appointed to draw up an anſwer to his Majeſty's letter, and likewiſe a loyal and dutiful addreſs upon the peace, reported the ſame to the Houſe, which being read over, paragraph by paragraph, were unanimouſly approved of, and ſigned by the moderator. His Grace, the High Commiſſioner, promiſed to tranſmit them immediately to his Majeſty.

The Committee for reviſing commiſſions this day reported the following opinions to the General Aſſembly:

That the Commiſſion from the Preſbytery of Fordyce ſhould be rejected.

That the Commiſſions from the Burgh of Kirkcaldy, and the Univerſity of St Andrews, ſhould be rejected, becauſe the atteſtations are ſubſcribed by the Clerk, inſtead of the Moderator. [Theſe to be taken under conſideration of the Aſſembly on Tueſday next.]

That the Commiſſion from the Burgh of Inverary ſhould be rejected, becauſe the election was not in due hours.

Commiſſion from the Burgh of Dunfermline referred to the General Aſſembly *ſimpliciter*. [This buſineſs to be taken up on Monday.]

Commiſſion from the Burgh of Cupar referred in the ſame manner.

Died, on Tueſday laſt, Miſs Marjory Eagle, ſecond daughter of Mrs Eagle ſeed-merchant here.

Monday laſt, counſel were called to the bar of the Houſe of Peers, to be heard on the appeal, wherein the Rev. Mr William Millingham was appellant, and John Wedderburn, and others, reſpondents. It was an appeal from the Lords of Seſſion in Scotland, as Commiſſioners of Plantation of Churches and Valuation of Tithes. The counſel were aſked by Lord Mansfield, whether they admitted that Houſe (the Houſe of Peers) had any appellant juriſdiction from a judgment of the Lords of Seſſion, acting as Commiſſioners of Tiends; and the counſel acquainting their Lordſhips, that they wiſhed to have time to conſider the queſtion put to them by the Houſe, they were ordered to withdraw. The different parties were then conſulted, and it was agreed that the appeal ſhould ſtand over till the next ſeſſion of Parliament, with liberty for the appellant and reſpondents to amend their caſes, if they ſhould be ſo adviſed. Upon the queſtion put, the ſame was ordered accordingly.

On Friday laſt, the Univerſity of Glaſgow elected Mr Hugh Fraſer, ſon of Mr Frar of Fraſerfield, to be one of their exhibitioners at Balliol College in the Univerſity of Oxford.

Captain Crawford of the Cumbrae's cutter has taken a ſmuggling veſſel, and brought her into Port-Glaſgow. Her cargo conſiſts of 420 caſks of rum, and about 50 cheſts of tea

James M'Minn, who was condemned the laſt Circuit Court at Glaſgow, for a highway robbery, but recommended to mercy by the Jury, has received a free pardon from his Majeſty.

We have now the pleaſure to communicate to the Public, from unqueſtionable authority, the following particulars of the will of the late Dr Hunter, which have been variouſly reported in the public papers:—He has bequeathed his Muſeum to the Univerſity of Glaſgow, reſerving the uſe of it, for thirty years, to his nephew, Mr Matthew Baillie, and, failing him, to Mr Cruickſhank, his aſſiſtant and partner, for the purpoſe of promoting anatomical and natural knowledge. He has alſo left to the Univerſity of Glaſgow eight thouſand pounds, to be paid to them within two years; one half of the intereſt of which ſum to be applied for ſupporting the Muſeum while in London; the other half, together with the capital, to be at the immediate diſpoſal of the Univerſity, for the purpoſe of burying-ground, and erecting proper buildings for the reception of the Muſeum; and of making ſuch eſtabliſhments as may tend to promote medical and natural knowledge.——The principal articles of the Muſeum are, a moſt curious and valuable library of books and manuſcripts; his own large and incomparable anatomical preparations; a choice collection of natural curioſities, containing, among other particulars, the large collection of ſhells, corals, inſects, and foſſils, of the late Dr Fothergill; and a cabinet of coins and medals, ancient and modern, of which the different ſeries are confeſſedly the moſt complete, and beſt connected, of any in Europe.—The great object of this eminent anatomiſt and ſcholar, ſo juſtly and ſo univerſally celebrated for his great talents, and excellent anatomical lectures and preparations, was, to perpetuate thoſe ſignal benefits which the public derived, during his life, from his uncommon abilities, and unremitting ardour, in the purſuit of learning, ſcience, and medical diſcoveries.—It is not doubted that the Univerſity of Glaſgow will enter fully into the laudable views of their generous benefactor, and will endeavour to diſcharge the truſt repoſed in them, ſo as to reflect the higheſt honour upon the memory of Dr Hunter.

Leith, May 20. 1783. This day the School of Mr John Lyndſay, Teacher of Engliſh in Leith, was examined before a number of the reſpectable inhabitants, when Mr Lyndſay's Scholars gave proofs of their proficiency in the true pronunciation of the Engliſh language, by reading and reciting ſelect paſſages from the beſt authors, as well as of their being properly founded in the principles of Engliſh grammar; and the examiners take this opportunity of expreſſing their high approbation of Mr Lyndſay's capacity and aſſiduity as a Teacher.

J. LOGAN,
JOHN BRUCE,
JOHN HENDERSON.

VERSES *to* Mr H. D. *in our next.* JUVENIS *as ſoon as poſſible.*

SOUND SHIPPING.

PASSED THE SOUND,

May 6. Cicilia of and from Boneſs, Johnſton, for Koningſberg, ballaſt.
Janet and Jean of Kincardine, Cuming, from Perth, for Riga, ditto.
6. Peggy of and from Allon, Miller, for Memel, ditto.
Saltcoats of and from Saltcoats, Wilſon, for Petersburgh, ditto.
Rodney of Campbelton, Love, from Liverpool, for Libaw, ballaſt.
Royal Oak of and from Ayr, King, for Memel, in ballaſt.
Janet of and from Leith, Currie, for Petersburgh, ditto.
Siſters of and from Sealock, Watſon, for Petersburgh, ditto.
Janet of and from Carron, Logan, for Koningsberg, ditto.
10. Sir Laurence of Torryburn, Halkat, from Dantzick, for Torryburn, with grain.
Nancy of and for Dundee, Kay, from Dantzick, ditto.
Four Siſters of, and for ditto, Kay, from ditto, ditto.
Favourite of and from ditto, Hutton, from Libaw, ditto.
William of Aberdour, Thomſon, from Portſoy, for Memel, ballaſt.
Friendſhip of and for Invernefs, Batts, from Dantzick, with grain.

ELSINORE, 10th May. Wind S. E. WALTER WOOD.

ARRIVED AT LEITH, May 22.—Mary, Young, from St Davids, with coals; Janet, Clark, from Carron, with coals; Smart, Wilſon, from Limekilns, with ditto; Jean, Brown, from Glaſgow, with goods; Generous Mind, Knight, from Perth, with goods; Quhiltree, Tayler, from Inverkeithing, with ſalt and coals; Mercury, Kinnaird, from Boneſs, with ſugar and tar; Peggy, Maclaurin, from Fort George, in ballaſt; Jean, Barr, from Portſoy, with wine.—33. Happy, Gray, from Stromneſs, in ballaſt; Aurora, Gavis, from Hamburgh, goods.

PRICES OF GRAIN AT HADDINGTON, May 23.

Wheat	22s.	9d.	20s.	0d.	19s.	0d.
Barley,	25	0	23	0	21	0
Oats,	20	0	18	6	16	0
Peaſe,	23	6	21	0	19	0

A WATCH LOST.

THERE was LOST this day, betwixt Jock's Lodge and Niddery Toll, A METAL WATCH, with a green dogſkin caſe, maker's name, *D. Edmonds, Liverpool*, No 614.—Any perſon who will bring the ſame to Mr Dickie watchmaker, Bridge-Street, will be handſomely rewarded.

Edinburgh, May 24. 1783.

STOLEN OR STAYED, from a Park at Eaſſie, in the county of Angus, upon the night of Saturday the 17th inſtant,

A BLACK WORK HORSE, about fourteen hands high, remarkably well made, with a ſmall white ſpot in his face behind; a long mane, and a ſhort cut tail.

ALſo, A TWO-YEAR-OLD BAY FILLIE, with a white ſtripe, or ſtitch, in her face, a white hind foot, no tail, or black ſtripe, down her back, and a black mane and tail.

If theſe horſes have been ſeen ſtraying, or ſhall be offered to ſale by any ſuſpicious perſon, it is intreated that they may be detained, and notice thereof ſent to the publiſher, or to James Fenton, tenant in Eaſſie, by Dundee, who will pay all expences.

FRENCH LANGUAGE AND MUSIC.

MISS BARCLAY, from PARIS, where ſhe received a regular Education, from her infancy, to the time ſhe was capable of teaching the FRENCH LANGUAGE grammatically, and with the true Pronunciation, intends opening PUBLIC and PRIVATE CLASSES for YOUNG LADIES, on the 1ſt of June, at her houſe, Wilkie's Land, back of the City Guard, third flory. She humbly flatters herſelf, that the ſatisfaction ſhe has already had the pleaſure of giving, in this polite and neceſſary branch of Education in private, will be a ſufficient inducement to Parents to intruſt her with their Children in a Public School, where there will be nothing ſpoken but FRENCH.

She likewiſe propoſes teaching MUSIC to ſuch Young Ladies as may incline to be inſtructed in that genteel accompliſhment.

A MEETING of the BELTONFORD CLUB is to be held at the houſe of Bailie Lorimer in Dunbar the firſt Monday of June next. Dinner to be on the table at three o'clock.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION,

IN the Warehouſes of ALLAN, STEWART, and Co. Leith, on Friday the 13th June, at eleven o'clock forenoon,

A conſiderable Quantity of each of the following Articles, viz.

Rum, Brandy, and Wines, conſiſting of Red and White Port Sherry, Mountain, Lisbon, and Claret, all in the original.
French Vinegar in tierces.
Several tons of Ruſſia Soap Tallow,
Pearl, Weed, Barilla, and American Pot Aſhes.
Yellow Roſin.
Hard Sope. About 50 barrels ſoft ditto.
Several bags remarkable ſtrong Hops, fit for porter brewing.
A few tons of Porto Cork, and about 3000 buſhels St Ube's Salt.
A parcel of Hoops & Empty Caſks.

Catalogues of the above will be delivered two days preceding the ſale.

N. B. ALLAN, STEWART, and Co. have ſtill remaining on hand a few cheſts Lemons and China Oranges, which they are ſelling off on the moſt reaſonable terms.

PANTHEON.

THE Queſtion, "Ought the Theatre to be encouraged as a ſcourge of vice and folly, or condemned as a ſchool of gallantry and diſſipation?" occupied the attention of the Society for the two laſt meetings; during which, eighteen Gentlemen delivered their ſentiments upon it. Upon the vote being put, it carried by a majority of TWO, that the Theatre ought to be CONDEMNED, as a ſchool of gallantry and diſſipation.

Monday Evening, the following queſtion will be the ſubject of debate, "Has Scotland been more honoured by her Warriors, or Learned men?"

Tickets to be had at *Mr Swan's* ſhop head of Carubber's Cloſe, and of the Members as uſual.

MONEY ADVANCED.

LARGE SUMS OF MONEY for immediate advance, on different securities. No less than 200 l. will be advanced, nor more than 1000 l. to one person, nor for any longer time than five years. Gentlemen, Merchants, or Traders, &c. may be supplied with either of the above sums, on the security of insuring their lives in London, or on joint lives of persons in a good state of health, if not of age, will answer. Secrecy may be relied on, if business is concluded or not.—All letters (post paid) and none else, will be duly answered, pointing out the mode to conclude the business.

Address for S. G. Lemon, Esq; at the post-office, Isleworth, Middlesex, till called for.

Notice to Creditors.

THOSE to whom the late SIR WILLIAM ERSKINE of CAMBO, Baronet, was indebted at the time of his death, and whose debts have not already been paid, will please lodge their claims with William Lumsdane clerk to the signet, on or before the 12th day of June next, at which time the trustees appointed by Sir William in his disposition and settlement, are to give up their trust.

THE Creditors of the deceased ROBERT BARCLAY Tailor in Edinburgh, are desired by themselves, or doers properly authorised, to meet in the British Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Monday the 2d day of June next, at four o'clock afternoon, when measures are to be taken for their immediate payment.

THE Factor on the sequestrated Estate of MUAT AND AITKEN, Merchants in Edinburgh, and GEORGE MUAT AND CO. Merchants at Scalock, hereby desires the Creditors or their doers to meet in the British Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Monday the 2d day of June next, at twelve of o'clock noon, when it is proposed to concert measures for an immediate division of the funds recovered.

COAL-WORKS AND FIRE ENGINES.

THE DYSART COAL COMPANY being DISSOLVED on the 10th current, this is to give notice, That the Coal-Works at Dysart will be carried on in future under the firm of DYSART NEW COAL COMPANY; to whom all merchants, shipmasters, and others, may apply. They may depend upon dispatch and good usage.

This Coal being so long and so generally known, it is unnecessary to say any thing of the quality, further than that it is a good house-coal, answers foreign markets, particularly Holland, Hamburgh, Copenhagen, and Gottenburgh; and has been always in great estimation for burning limestone.

A man sufficiently qualified as Engineer, to take charge of two Fire Engines erected on these works, is immediately wanted. Constant attendance will be necessary; and as there is already a book-keeper, he will have little to do with books or accompts.

TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE BARGAIN,

THAT HOUSE in Bailie Fyfe's Close, North side of the High Street, presently possessed by Miss Lithgow, at the yearly rent of L. 15

The House immediately below it, possessed by Mr John Dunsmuir, 15

A small House, possessed by Mr Penny, 4

L. 35

The situation of these houses is well calculated for people of business; they are very commodious, of easy access, and the two first command a pleasant view to the north.——They will be disposed of upon very reasonable terms.

Apply to Robert Sym writer to the signet.

FARM OF MASTERFIELD TO LET.

THERE will be LET, and entered to at Martinmas next, the Dwelling-house, Offices, and Gardens of MASTERFILD, with the Farm contiguous thereto, consisting of 120 acres of arable ground, besides some thriving plantations, lying in the parish of Dunning, and shire of Perth. The House is commodious, and in good order, having been occupied for many years by the present proprietor. The grounds are well inclosed and subdivided, and in the very best heart and condition; and the whole premisses are pleasantly situated upon the river Earn, about nine measured miles from Perth. A tenant may enter to the House and Gardens immediately, and be accommodated with Grass Parks for the summer.

For further particulars, enquiry may be made at Lord Rollo's grieve at Masterfield, who will show the premisses; or at Andrew Scott watchmaker in Dunning.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Lands and Barony of GOUROCK, with the Burgh of Barony thereof, lying within the parish of Innerkip, and shire of Renfrew. The lands hold blench of the Prince, and are rated at 600 l. Scots of valued rent. This estate (exclusive of those parts of it which are feued) contains above 1200 Scots acres of arable and meadow land, and about 800 acres of pasture and muir. The present nett rent is about 680 l. Sterling, including about 47 l. of feu duties. It lies immediately below Greenock, and stretches along the frith of Clyde for about two miles. The town of Gourock is daily increasing, as the adjacent grounds have lately been laid out according to an elegant and regular plan for building, and are already begun to be feued to great advantage. The mansion-house and offices were built within these 40 years, are suitable to the estate, in good repair, pleasantly situated above the bay and town of Gourock, and command a delightful and extensive view of the frith of Clyde, Lochlong, Roseneath, and the opposite coast of Cowal. The lands are unimproved, and the rent may be greatly increased by a moderate outlay. There are promising appearances of copper and other minerals on the estate.

For particulars, apply to the proprietor at Gourock house, John Orr, Esq; of Barrowfield, Glasgow, David Erskine clerk to the signet, Edinburgh, or Mr John Campbell writer in Greenock, in whose hand copies of the rental and surveys of the estate may be seen.

SALE OF LANDS IN ARGYLE SHIRE.

TO be SOLD, by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffee-house in Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 30th day of July next, between the hours of five and six afternoon,

The LANDS of Kilmichael, Inverlussay, Tonardry, Barinluasgan, Barindaff, Dunans, Bardarroch, with the superiorities of the lands of Oib-Macilvernock, Arichonan, Carsaig, and Barinlochan, all lying in the parish of North-Knapdale; and the lands of Achichoish in the parish of Glasry, and shire of Argyle.

The rental, progress of writs, plans of the grounds, and articles of roup, may be seen by applying to James Loch writer to the signet.

Lands in the Shires of Roxburgh and Berwick.

TO be SOLD, the Lands and Estate of GREENKNOW, and Town and Lands of WEST GORDON, and Mill thereof, lying in the parish of Gordon and shire of Berwick.

The estate consists of upwards of 2300 acres, of a good soil, and capable of great improvement, and is conveniently situated within a few miles of the towns of Kelso, Lauder, Melrose, and Greenlaw.

The present rental of the estate, after deduction of minister's stipend and schoolmaster's salary, amounting together to 2 l. 7 s. 5 d. is 440 l. 5 s. 11⅓ d. Part of the lands hold of the Crown, and part hold blench of the Duke of Gordon.

Also, these Lands of MAXTON, possessed by David Ballantyne and Walter Nicol, tenants thereof, lying within the parish of Maxton and shire of Roxburgh. The lands consist of 280 acres or thereby, whereof about 196 were inficld before the division of the town and territory of Maxton. They lie near the turnpike road betwixt Melrose and Jedburgh, are of good quality, and may be much improved.

For particulars apply to Archibald Gibson writer to the signet, who will show the rentals and title-deeds.

A FARM IN FIFE TO LET.

THE FARM of URQUHART, lying on the west side, and very near to the town of Dunfermline, possessed by Robert Taylor, William Anderson, and David Christy, consisting of 234 acres, and divided into 18 parks. There is a complete steading of offices lately built, and the greatest part of the Farm has been under proper cultivation, and is in good order, and 27 acres of it is in fallow this season.

The Farm will either be let altogether or in separate lots or parks as tenants shall offer, and for such number of years as can be agreed upon, not exceeding 19 years from Martinmas 1783. There is no less than five good and easy communications to and from the populous town of Dunfermline, which is a ready market for the produce of the Farm, and whereto dung can be got in plenty; and there are several limeworks in the neighbourhood.

Robert Taylor, one of the tenants, will show the grounds, and proposals in writing given in to Mr Beatson at Lochgelly.

THAT upon Thursday the 12th of June next, between the hours of eleven and twelve forenoon, there is to be SOLD by public roup, within the house of George Riddoch, vintner in Portsoy,

The following HERITABLE SUBJECTS,

Belonging to James Robertson and Company, merchants in Portsoy, VIZ.

That Tenement of Land and Closses, Yards, Cellars, and pertinents, lying within the burgh of Portsoy, and shire of Banff, upon the south side of the shore, possessed by Mr James Robertson, with the Tenement immediately above the same, presently possessed by his tenants; as also, the Tenement and Parcel of Ground in Portsoy, which belonged to Janet Hay, with the two Barns thereon.—That Tenement, Houses, and pertinents, which belonged to the deceased William Mortimer, presently possessed by Mr Alexander Robertson, with the adjoining Tenement, possessed by James Sangster; as also, that Tenement of Land and Houses built thereon, possessed by the Malting Company of Portsoy.—The Tenement, Houses, and Yards, possessed by Barbara and Mary Robertsons, and their tenants; and whole other Tenements, Houses, Granaries, Lofts, and other Heritages which pertained to the said Company, in and about the town of Portsoy. As also, that Tenement, Houses, and Yards in Keith, which belonged to the deceased James Millin of Kinstair.

Item, The principal Sum of Sixteen Thousand Merks Scots, being part of the price of the lands of Kinstair and Tillefour; which sum was left in the hands of the purchaser, to answer a jointure of 800 merks, payable to a Lady now about 70 years of age, and secured upon the estate, payable at her death. As also, Two Seventh Parts of the Tobacco Company of Portsoy, Mills and Houses of the same; and all and haill the Superiority of the Lands and Barony of Cairngale, lying within the parish of Longside and county of Aberdeen, which is a freehold, and will entitle the purchaser to an independent vote in the said county for a member of Parliament; beside a Feu-duty of 8 l. Scots payable to the superior.——And further, The Tack of the Mills, and certain parts of the Lands of Glassanh, on which are built excellent Houses, with every conveniency for the accommodation of a family; of which tack there are two nineteen years to run, and may be entered to at Martinmas next.

The subjects in and about the town of Portsoy are all in good repair, and are exceedingly well calculated for trade, most of them having been built for that purpose; and Portsoy is a very thriving town, and most commodiously situated for trade.

The articles of sale may be seen, and further particulars known, by applying to Mr George Robinson merchant in Banff.

PRICES FURTHER REDUCED.

Judicial Sale adjourned to Wednesday the 25th June 1783.

BY authority of the Court of Session, there are to be exposed to SALE by way of public roup, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 25th day of June 1783, betwixt the hours of three and five afternoon, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills,

THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS, which belonged to WILLIAM TAYLOR, late Writer in Edinburgh,

LOT I.

The TOWN and LANDS OF SOUTHFODD, *alias* SOUTHFIELD, and whole pertinents thereof, lying within the parish and regality of Dunfermline, and sheriffdom of Fife.

These Lands hold of the Crown. The freey early rent of the stock, after all deductions, is proven to be L. 252 5 5 6-12ths.
Exclusive of the lime-quarry, which is proven to be worth of yearly rent, 10 0 0
And the proven free teind of these lands is 2 5 6 1-12th.

Proven free rent of stock and teind, L. 264 10 11 7-12ths.

The SUPERIORITY of the KIRKLANDS of COUPAR, and others, lying within the parish of Coupar, and shire of Fife, holding blench of the Crown. The annual feu-duty payable out of these lands to the superior is two-pence Sterling yearly, the double thereof at the entry of each heir, and 20 l. Sterling at the entry of each singular successor. The valued rent is 264 l. Scots.

The lands of Southfodd, along with the above Superiority, make up a qualification to vote for a member of Parliament in the county of Fife, and are now to be exposed to sale in one lot at the reduced price of 5700 l. Sterling.

LOT II.

The Lands of ETTRICKHOUSE or ETTRICKHALL, with the teinds and whose pertinents, lying within the parish of Ettrick and sheriffdom of Selkirk, holding of the Crown.

The proven free yearly rent of these lands, stock and teind, is 136 l. 15 s. 6 d. 10-12ths Sterling; they afford a qualification to vote for a member of Parliament in Selkirkshire; and are now to be set up at the reduced price of 1900 l. Sterling.

The articles of roup, &c. will be seen in the hands of Mr Alexander Rose depute clerk of Session.

LANDS of BANGHOUSEWALLS, &c.

TO BE SOLD.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, on Monday the 30th June 1783, between the hours of six and seven afternoon,

The following LANDS, lying in the parish of Eccles and county of Berwick, and in the following lots:

LOT I.—The Lands of BANGHOUSEWALLS, divided into two possessions; one possessed by Walter Gray, called the *Infield* of Banghousewalls, with the steading of houses thereon, at the yearly rent of L. 25 0 0

The other called *Banghousewalls Hill*, possessed by Robert Forsyth, at the yearly rent of - - - - 30 0 0

L. 55 0 0

These lands, with a small clump of planting, measure 55 English acres, and are to be exposed at 1210 l. Sterling, being 22 years purchase.

LOT II.—Three Inclosures of the Lands of ECCLESHIELLS; one named *Glebe Park*, which is not under lease, and valued at L. 24 3 0

Another named Shiells Park, and the third named Gladsholes-Park, both possessed by William Wood at the yearly rent of - - - - - - 37 4 0

L. 61 7 0

These three inclosures, with two small clumps of planting, measure 63 English acres, and are to be exposed at 1434 l. Sterling, being twenty-three years purchase.

LOT III.—A small Inclosure, called FEUERS PARK, at Orange-lane, not under lease, but let annually at about 2 l. with the superiority of a House and Yard, feued to William Wood for payment of a feu-duty of five shillings. This park measures two English acres, and, with said superiority and feu-duty, to be exposed at 45 l. Sterling, being twenty years purchase.

The progress of writs, plan of the lands, and the articles of roup, to be seen in the hands of William Bethune writer in Edinburgh.

ESTATES in BERWICKSHIRE to be SOLD.

To be SOLD by private bargain,

THE Lands and Estate of MANDERSTOUN, lying in the parish of Dunse, and shire of Berwick, consisting of about 900 acres, all which are inclosed and subdivided with hedges or stone dykes, in remarkable good repair. The present nett yearly rent is about 800 l. Sterling, and the whole lands hold of the Crown. The estate lies within a mile of the populous town of Dunse, and the post roads from Dunse to Berwick, Eyemouth, &c. run through the grounds. The mansion-house is not in repair, but there is a most delightful situation for building. It is elevated so as to overlook the whole rich country of the Merse, at same time it is sheltered from the strongest winds by planting, and is largely supplied with spring water. It has also the view of two beautiful pieces of water, which have been lately formed at a considerable expence, and the banks laid out with planting and shrubbery in the modern taste. There is a good free-stone quarry within a gunshot of the situation for building. The purchaser may have access at Martinmas next to 200 or 300 acres of the inclosures surrounding the house, and a great part of the price will be allowed to remain in his hands, if he chuses it.

As also to be sold, the Lands of BELLSHIEL, GREENKNOW, and KINGSLAW, with the teinds thereof, lying within the parish of Edrom, and shire of Berwick. The lands of Bellshiell, consisting of about 287 acres, are let in tack for 21 years, from Martinmas 1781, at 210 l. Sterling of rent. The lands of Greenknow and Kingslaw consist of about 288 acres, and are in the proprietor's natural possession, and may let for at least the same rent with Bellshiel. The whole lie contiguous, and are completely inclosed and subdivided with hedge and ditch, or stone and lime dykes, all in the most neat and substantial manner. There is a farmstead and complete set of offices on each of the farms. There are hedge-row trees planted along most of the fences, and several clumps of planting in the fields, all in the most thriving condition; and there are several pleasant situations for erecting a House. Shell marle may be got at an easy rate within half a mile of the ground. The proprietor has, within these few years, laid out about 4000 l. Sterling, upon improving and inclosing these two farms, and building farmsteads. The lands hold of the Crown, and afford a sufficient qualification to vote for a member of Parliament. They lie within three miles of Dunse, one mile of the village of Swinton, and nearly central betwixt Berwick, Kelso, and Coldstream.

For particulars apply to Alexander Keith writer to the signet, Edinburgh, or James Veatch tenant at Mersington. The rental of Manderstoun, plans of the different lands, and progress of writs, may be seen in the hands of the said Alexander Keith, who has power to conclude a private bargain. John Spence gardener at Manderstoun will show the estate of Manderstoun, and John Pringle at Greenknow will show the other lands.

JUDICIAL SALE.

TO be SOLD, by roup, by authority of the Court of Session, within the Parliament or New Session House, on Wednesday the 16th of July next, between the hours of four and six in the afternoon,

The following HERITABLE SUBJECTS,

belonging to Peter Johnston of Carnsalloch, for himself, and as representing Alexander Johnston his father, in the three following Lots.

LOT I. The Lands and Barony of CARNSALLOCH, comprehending the sundry tenements, farms, feu-duties, and others therein described; with an elegant Mansion-house, Office-houses, Gardens, Inclosures, and Policy thereto belonging, and certain other parcels of Land, all lying in the county of Dumfries, valued at twenty years purchase of the neat rent, after all deductions, and amounting the upset-price of said valuation to 16,743 l. 18 s. 10 d. 6-12ths Sterling money. No value is put on house and offices.

LOT II. The Barony of CARSLUITH, comprehending the farms and others therein described, lying in the stewartry of Kirkcudbright, valued at twenty-one years purchase of the nett rent, after all deductions, amounting the upset-price, to 4576 l. 16 s. 4 d. 6-12ths Sterling.

The subjects in both those Lots are holden of the Crown, blench. The proprietor hath right to the teinds of the first lot; and the teinds of the second lot being Bishop's teinds, are deducted from the gross rent, as usual, in like cases.

LOT III. A Decreet of Adjudication at the instance of the said Alexander Johnston, and others, against John Maclean of Lochbuie, dated 16th July 1773, adjudging his lands and estate for payment of two considerable accumulate sums and annualrents; but the same being valued at 80 per cent of the principal sum and annualrents. The upset price, after deductions of all partial payments, amount, at said valuation, to 3120 l. Sterling.

The conditions of sale are in the office of Mr Alexander Rose, depute-clerk of Session, who, or Mr Samuel Mitchelson senior, writer to the signet, will inform as to all particulars.

JUDICIAL SALE OF YORK-BUILDING COMPANY's ESTATES.

TO be SOLD by authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament-house, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 8th day of August next, betwixt the hours of five and seven afternoon,

THE FOLLOWING ESTATES

Belonging to the York-building Company.

I. The Lands and Estate of FINGASK and KINNAIRD, and others, lying in the county of Perth, as possessed under a lease from the said Company, by Doctor Steuart Threipland, for ninety-nine years from Whitsunday 1745. The rent payable by the said lease, free of all deductions, is 480 l. 6 s. 4 d. and the upset price, at twenty years purchase, 12,007 l. 18 s. 4 d.

II. The Lands of CLERKHILL, lying in the parish of Peterhead and county of Aberdeen, paying of free rent 105 l.; to be set up at twenty-four years purchase, being 2520 l.

III. The Lands of DOWNIESHILL, lying in said parish of Peterhead, and county of Aberdeen, whereof the present yearly rent is 45 l. Sterling; but there being a lease of these lands for eleven years from Whitsunday next, for payment of a rent of only 1 l. 8 s. 10 d. 8-12ths; the same are valued, with the burden of that lease, and are to be set up at 718 l. 4 s. 5 d.

IV. The Lands and Estate of CALLANDER and LINLITHGOW, lying in the counties of Linlithgow and Stirling, either in two lots or in three, as purchasers incline. If in three lots,

Lot 1. To consist of the barony of Almond or Haining, lying in the county of Linlithgow; the free proven rent of which being 59 l. 1 d. 4-12ths; is to be set up at 8179 l. 5 s. 3 d. 2-12ths, being twenty-three years purchase of the property lands, thirty years purchase of the feu-duties, four years purchase of the rent payable for the coal, and 150 l. as the value of the natural wood in this lot.

Lot 2. To comprehend the Farms of Easter and Wester Carnock, Bogtown, Thornfourhill, and Walker's Brae, in the barony of Callander; the free rent whereof is 258 l. 6 s. 1 d. 2-12ths; and the upset price 5221 l. 0 s. 2 d. 10-12ths, being twenty-three years purchase of the rent payable for the lands, and five years purchase of the rent payable for the iron-stone therein.

Lot 3. To comprehend the whole remaining parts of the said estate of Callander and Linlithgow, belonging to the York-building Company, whether property or superiority, feu or teind duties, not included in either of the two former lots; the free annual value or rent thereof, including the farm of Shielhill, is 1213 l. 13 s. 8 d. 6-12ths, and the upset price or proven value, 25,487 l. 5 s. 0 d. 3-12ths, valuing the property lands at twenty-three years purchase, the feu-duties at thirty years purchase, the coal at six years purchase of the present rent, and the natural wood at 1250 l.

If this last estate is set up in two lots, the two last lots are to be united.

The whole of these lands hold blench of the Crown. The title-deeds and printed particulars of the rental, with a plan of the estate of Callander, and each lot thereof, will be seen by applying to Alexander Mackenzie writer to the signet; and the proof of the rentals and values, with the articles of sale, will be found in the hands of Keith Stirling bar depute-clerk of session.

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